(ii) Green room per show: Rs. 498|- per room

(iii) Practice Hall. Rs. 4,750|-

*Players Hostel*:

Some of the portion of the building at 0.00m level is being used by the SAI for practice|warming up of gymnastic, volleyball and badminton events etc. These areas were used as practice halls for these events during Asiad also. No rent is being charged from SAI, as this portion of the building has also been given to SAI as decided by the Competent Authority.

(e) *Asiad Village*:

Rs. 30.00 lacs upto 31-8-86 from hiring of Cultural Central, Green Room & Practice Hall which had been sold to Ministry of Information & Broadcasting *w.e.f.* 31-12-86.

*Players Hostel*:

There is no income from it.

**Houses for weaker sections under rural housing schemes**

2447. SHRI SHANKER SINH VAGHELA: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether as far back as in 1968, planners had recognised rural housing as a social measure of vital importance;

(b) if so, since then how many rural housing units each year on an average as yet have been built for the weaker sections of the society, with basic amenities like drinking water, sanitation and drainage; and

(c) what was the requirement then and also at present?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) to (c) Since commencement of the planning era, till the 5th Year Plan, housing in rural areas was viewed in the overall perspective of community development and rural reconstruction. In the Fifth Five Year Plan, there was no separate provision for rural housing except Rs. 100.16 crores for providing 40 lakh rural house-sites to the landless agricultural workers. However, the Central Sector Scheme of allotment of house-sites was launched in 1971 with a view to providing developed plots with infrastructural facilities like drinking water supply. But, in April, 1974 the scheme was transferred to State sector. Initially it was estimated that the number of eligible rural families needing house-sites by the end of March, 1985 would be around 14.5 million. Later on it was supplemented with construction assistance so that the families with allotted house-sites could construct houses.

Since the inception of the scheme and upto December, 1987, while on an average 1 million house-sites were allotted to the rural landless workers every year. 3.15 million families were provided with construction assistances.

Besides, Indira Awas Yojana was also launched in 1985 as part of the RLEGP to provide housing units to SC|ST and freed bonded labourers. As per the provisional estimates available, 0.28 million housing units have been constructed upto 31st December, 1987 under the scheme. The Housing and Urban Development Corporation started financing the Rural Housing Scheme from 1977-78 and has, upto 31-1-1988, sanctioned about 1.45 million housing units.

**Lease of land|buildings to newspapers|periodicals**

2448. SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE:

SHRI KAILASH PATI MISHRA:

Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names of the daily newspapers|periodicals, alongwith their